

## DR M 2P 150 (953 204)

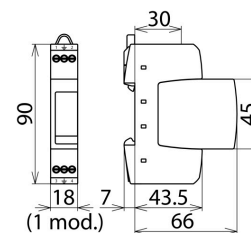
- Two-pole surge arrester consisting of a base part and a plug-in protection module
- High discharge capacity due to heavy-duty zinc oxide varistor / spark gap combination
- Energy coordination with other arresters of the Red/Line product family



Figure without obligation



Basic circuit diagram DR M 2P 150



Dimension drawing DR M 2P 150

Two-pole surge arrester consisting of a base part and a plug-in protection module.

Type Part No.	DR M 2P 150 953 204
SPD according to EN 61643-11 / IEC 61643-11	type 3 / class III
Nominal voltage (a.c.) ( $U_N$ )	120 V (50 / 60 Hz)
Max. continuous operating voltage (a.c.) ( $U_C$ )	150 V (50 / 60 Hz)
Max. continuous operating voltage (d.c.) ( $U_C$ )	150 V
Nominal load current (a.c.) ( $I_L$ )	25 A
Nominal discharge current (8/20 $\mu$ s) ( $I_n$ )	2 kA
Total discharge current (8/20 $\mu$ s) [L+N-PE] ( $I_{total}$ )	4 kA
Combination wave ( $U_{OC}$ )	4 kV
Combination wave [L+N-PE] ( $U_{OC total}$ )	8 kV
Voltage protection level [L-N] / [L/N-PE] ( $U_p$ )	$\leq 640 / \leq 800$ V
Response time [L-N] ( $t_A$ )	$\leq 25$ ns
Response time [L/N-PE] ( $t_A$ )	$\leq 100$ ns
Max. mains-side overcurrent protection	25 A gG or B 25 A
Short-circuit withstand capability for mains-side overcurrent protection with 25 A gG ( $I_{SCCR}$ )	6 kA <sub>rms</sub>
Operating temperature range ( $T_U$ )	-40 °C ... +80 °C
Operating state / fault indication	green / red
Number of ports	1
Cross-sectional area (min.)	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> solid / flexible
Cross-sectional area (max.)	4 mm <sup>2</sup> solid / 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> flexible
For mounting on	35 mm DIN rails acc. to EN 60715
Enclosure material	thermoplastic, red, UL 94 V-0
Place of installation	indoor installation
Degree of protection	IP 20
Capacity	1 module(s), DIN 43880
Approvals	KEMA, VDE, UL, CSA
Weight	79 g
Customs tariff number (Comb. Nomenclature EU)	85363030
GTIN	4013364109704
PU	1 pc(s)

We reserve the right to introduce changes in performance, configuration and technology, dimensions, weights and materials in the course of technical progress. The figures are shown without obligation.